



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DRESDEN



PrimeLife

Faculty of Computer Science Institute of Systems Architecture, Chair of Privacy and Data Security

Privacy-Enhanced Event Scheduling

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D19E 04A8 8895 020A 8DF6

0092 3501 1A32 491A 3D9C



PrimeLife is a research project
funded by the European Commis-
sion's 7th Framework Programme

Vancouver, August 29, 2009

Event Scheduling

Doodle® Poll: Business D

TelCo - 2009-10

Voller Name	5. 08:00	6. 11:00	7. 10:00	7. 13:00	8. 10:00	8. 13:00
Joe	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Alice	✓		✓	✓		
Gustav	✓	✓			✓	
Beatrice		✓	✓		✓	✓
	3	3	2	2	3	1

Abschicken

Free/Busy

Attendee

Sankar P

Hobbits

Attendees... Options

Start time: 09/02/2006 09:00 AM

End time: 09/02/2006 09:30 AM

Close

Home

private

work

John

Peter

Julie

Tom

08:00

09:00

10:00

11:00

12:00

13:00

14:00

15:00

16:00

17:00

Meet John

Meeting with Peter

lunch with

write dissemin

report

call Mr. Brown

prepare about privacy-event sc

discuss about

read sandras proposal

fetch the children from kinderga

Privacy Problems

Direct Inference

Doodle®

Poll: Business Dinner



October 2009

		Mon 19	Tue 20	Wed 21	Thu 22	Fri 23
		8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM
John		OK		OK	OK	OK
Peter			OK		OK	OK
Julie		OK	OK		OK	
Tom			OK	OK	OK	OK
Your name		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Count		2	3	2	4	3

Will my husband vote for the date of our wedding anniversary?

Privacy Problems

Direct Inference

Doodle®

Poll: Business Dinner



October 2009

Mon 19	Tue 20	Wed 21	Thu 22	Fri 23
8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM
OK		OK	OK	OK
	OK		OK	OK
OK	OK		OK	
	OK	OK	OK	OK
	☐	☐	☐	☐

Count 2 3 2 4 3

Will my **husband** vote for
the date of our **wedding
anniversary**?

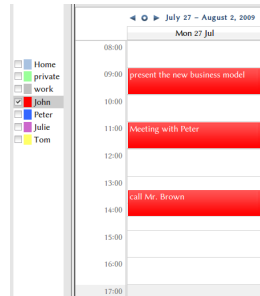
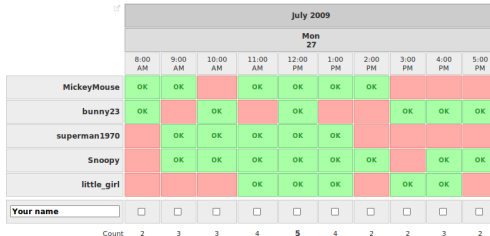
Privacy Problems

Indirect Inference

The availability pattern of user bunny23 looks suspiciously like the one of my employee John Doe!

Doodle

Poll: Chat



Privacy Problems

Indirect Inference

The availability pattern of user **bunny23** looks suspiciously like the one of my employee **John Doe**!

Doodle

Poll: Chat

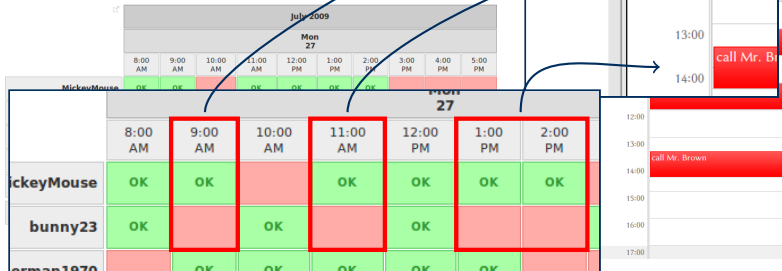


Table of Contents

Problem Statement

Scheme

Extensions

Evaluation

Conclusion and Outlook



Requirements

- Untrusted Server



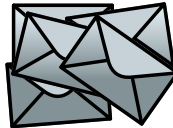
Requirements

- Untrusted Server
- Privacy
- Verifiability



Requirements

- Untrusted Server
- Privacy
- Verifiability
- Low Communication Complexity
- Low Computational Complexity



E-Voting vs. Event Scheduling

	Vote
Candidate #1	
Candidate #2	✗
⋮	
Candidate #10	

	Date #1	Date #2	...	Date #320
Yes	✗			✗
No		✗		

one vote per column

E-Voting vs. Event Scheduling

scales
↓

	Vote
Candidate #1	
Candidate #2	✗
...	
Candidate #10	

	Date #1	Date #2	...	Date #320
Yes	✗			✗
No		✗		

one vote per column

E-Voting vs. Event Scheduling

scales
↓

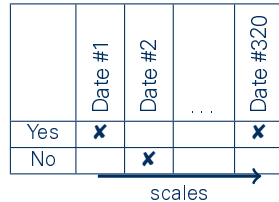
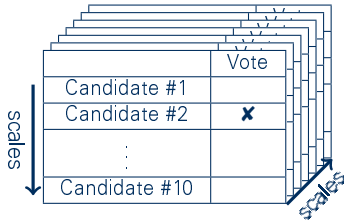
	Vote
Candidate #1	
Candidate #2	✗
...	
Candidate #10	

	Date #1	Date #2	...	Date #320
Yes	✗			✗
No		✗		

→ scales

one vote per column

E-Voting vs. Event Scheduling



one vote per column

Scheme

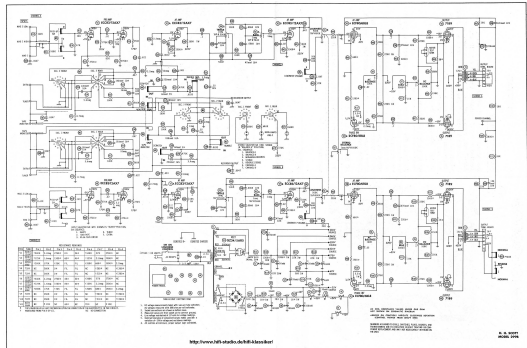
Problem Statement

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Superposed Sending

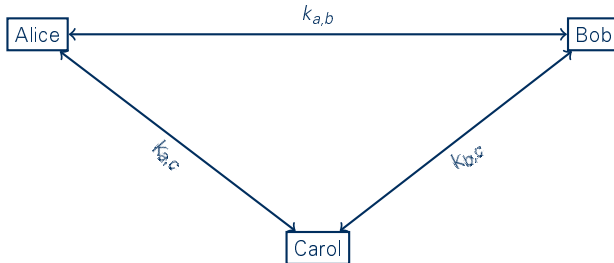
Alice

Bob

Carol

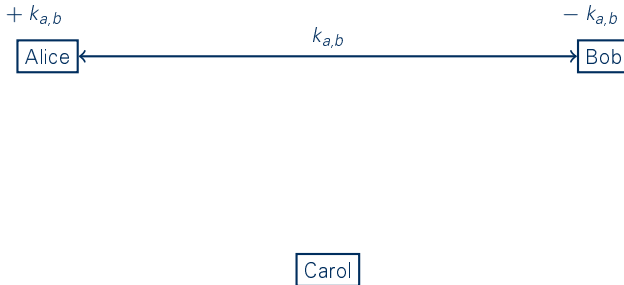
D. Chaum, "The dining cryptographers problem: Unconditional sender and recipient untraceability," *Journal of Cryptology*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 65–75, Jan. 1988

Superposed Sending



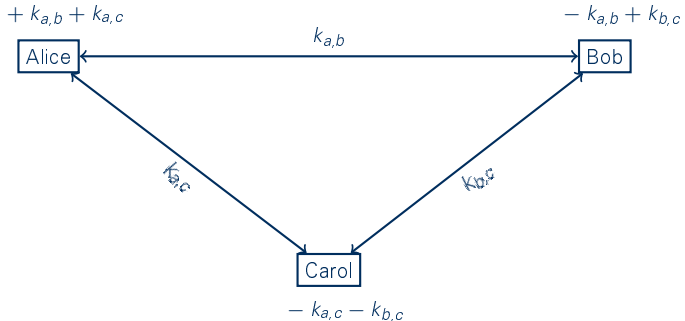
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Superposed Sending



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Superposed Sending



D. Chaum, "The dining cryptographers problem: Unconditional sender and recipient untraceability," *Journal of Cryptology*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 65–75, Jan. 1988

Superposed Sending

$$m_a + k_{a,b} + k_{a,c}$$

Alice

$$m_b - k_{a,b} + k_{b,c}$$

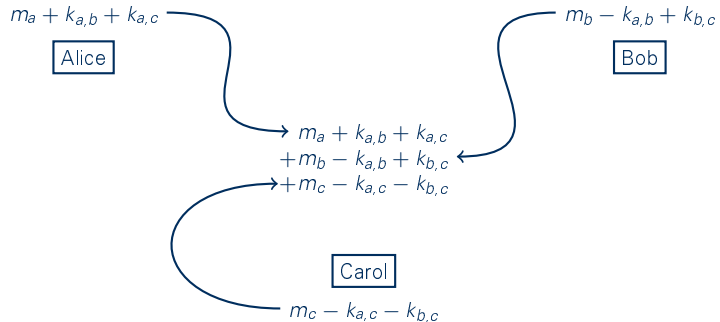
Bob

Carol

$$m_c - k_{a,c} - k_{b,c}$$

D. Chaum, "The dining cryptographers problem: Unconditional sender and recipient untraceability," *Journal of Cryptology*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 65–75, Jan. 1988

Superposed Sending



D. Chaum, "The dining cryptographers problem: Unconditional sender and recipient untraceability," *Journal of Cryptology*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 65–75, Jan. 1988

Superposed Sending

Alice

Bob

$$\begin{aligned} & m_a + k_{a,b} + k_{a,c} \\ & + m_b - k_{a,b} + k_{b,c} \\ & + m_c - k_{a,c} - k_{b,c} \end{aligned}$$

Carol

D. Chaum, "The dining cryptographers problem: Unconditional sender and recipient untraceability," *Journal of Cryptology*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 65–75, Jan. 1988

Superposed Sending

Alice

Bob

$$\begin{array}{rcl} m_a & & + k_{a,c} \\ + m_b & & + k_{b,c} \\ + m_c - k_{a,c} & - & k_{b,c} \end{array}$$

Carol

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Superposed Sending

Alice

Bob

$$\begin{aligned} & m_a \quad + k_{a,c} \\ + m_b \\ + m_c - k_{a,c} \end{aligned}$$

Carol

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Superposed Sending

Alice

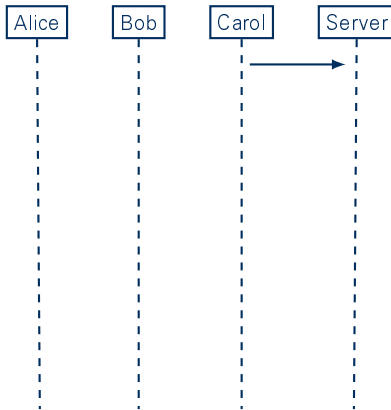
Bob

$$\begin{aligned} &m_a \\ &+ m_b \\ &+ m_c \end{aligned}$$

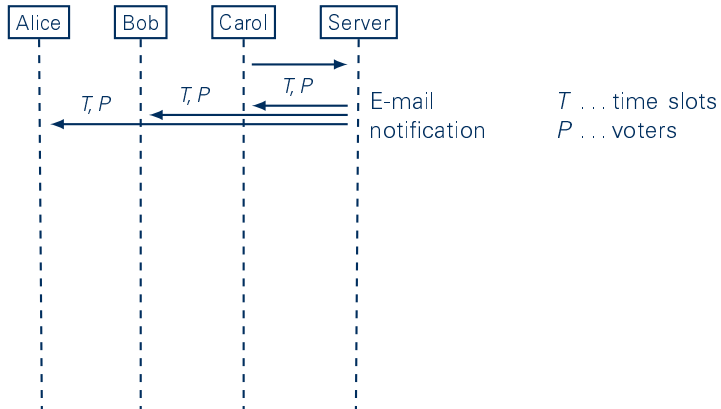
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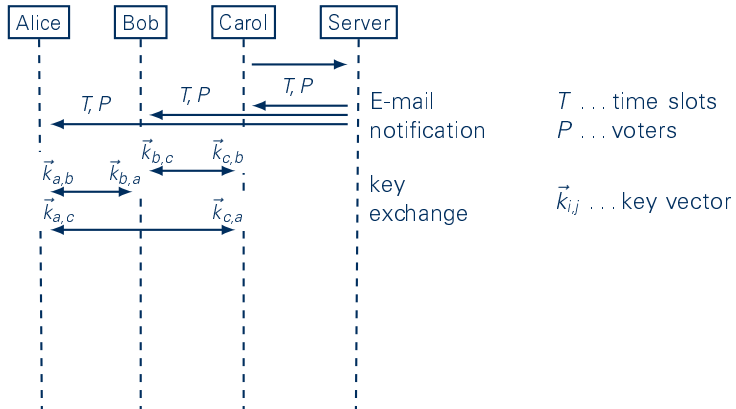
Poll Initialization



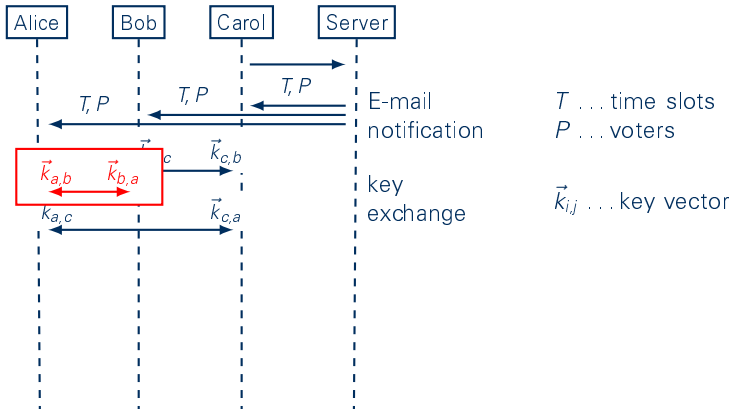
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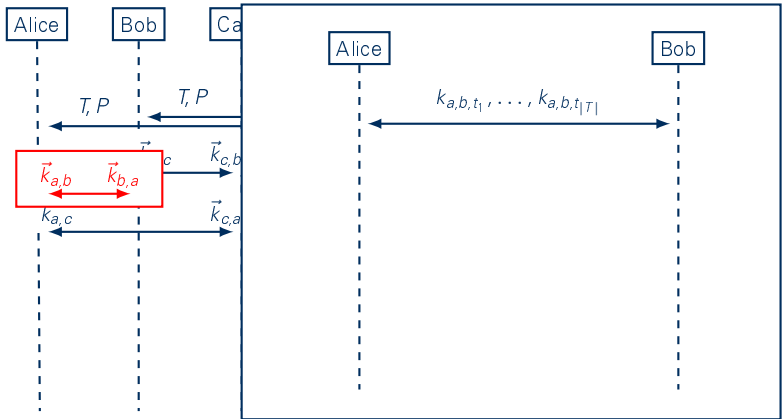
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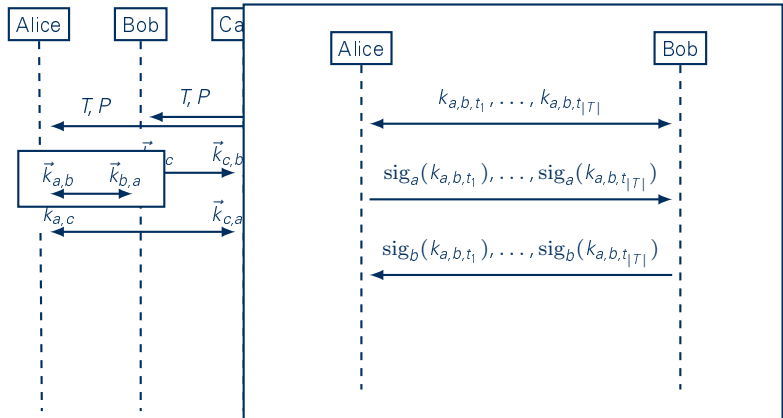
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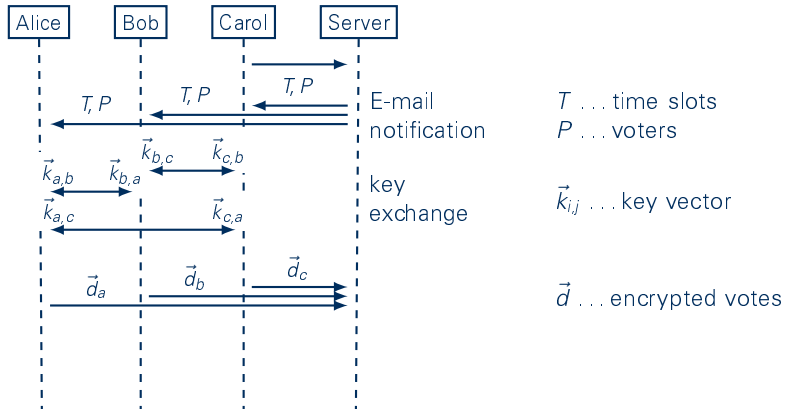
Poll Initialization



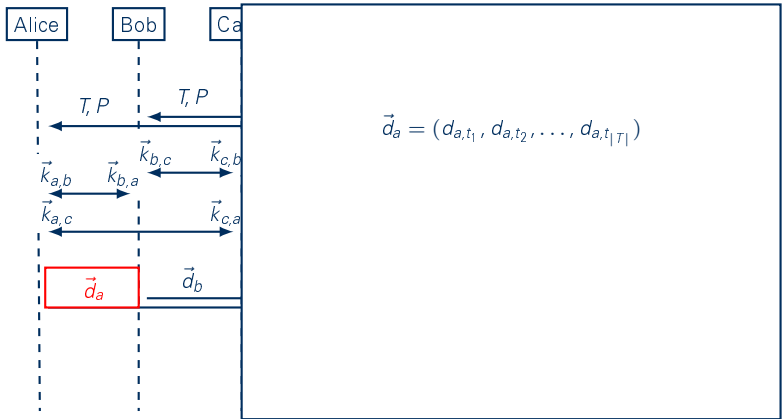
Poll Initialization



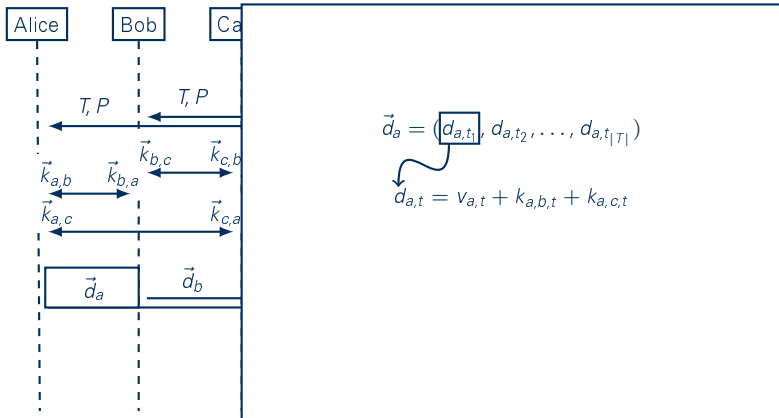
Casting of Votes



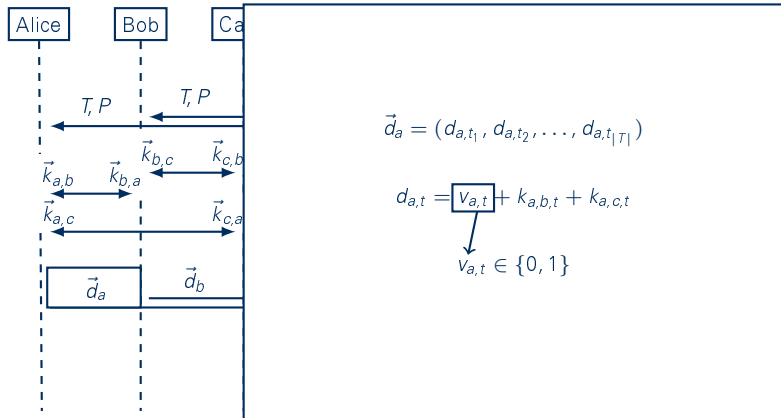
Casting of Votes



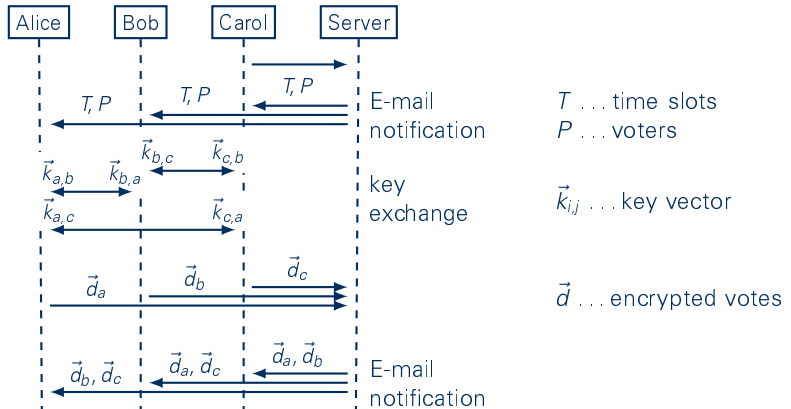
Casting of Votes



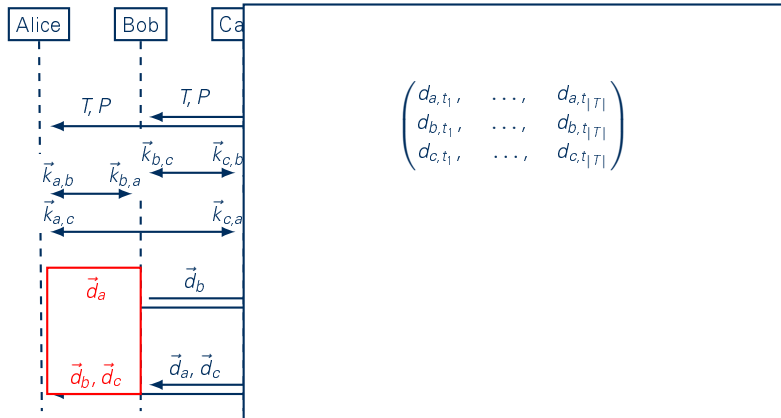
Casting of Votes



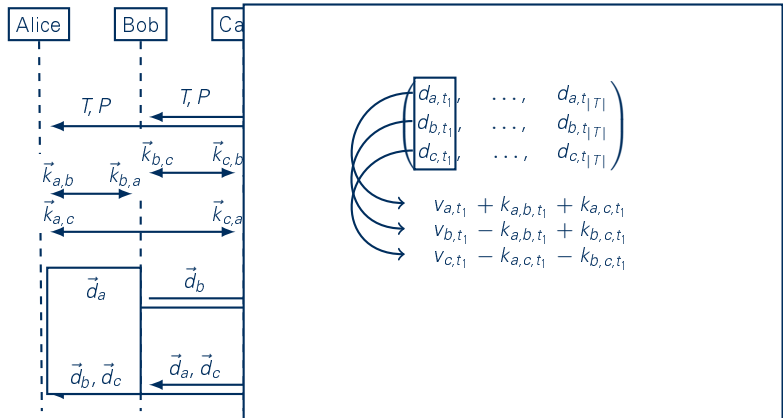
Result Publication



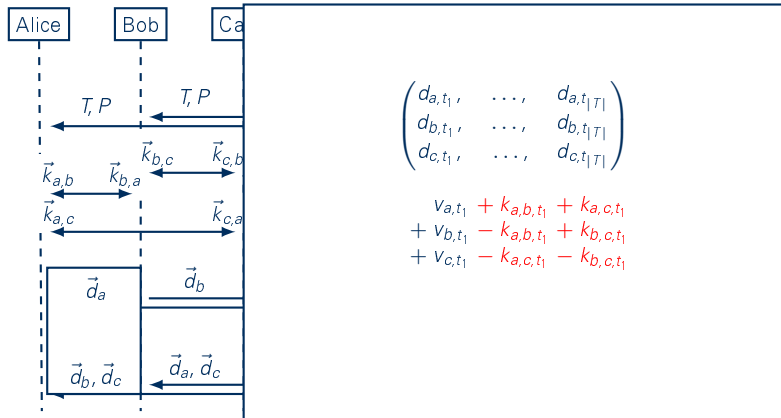
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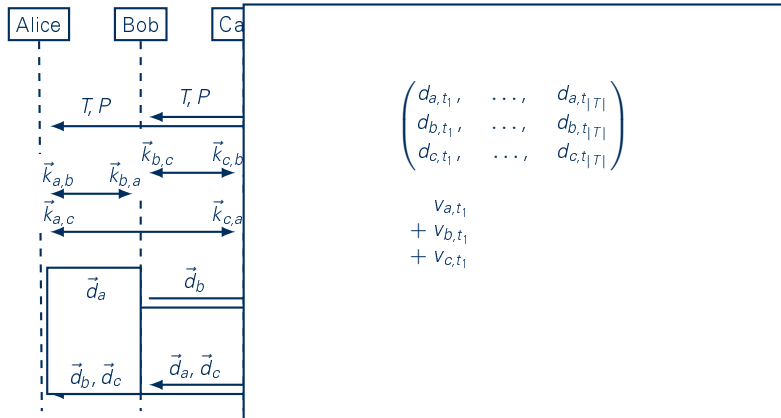
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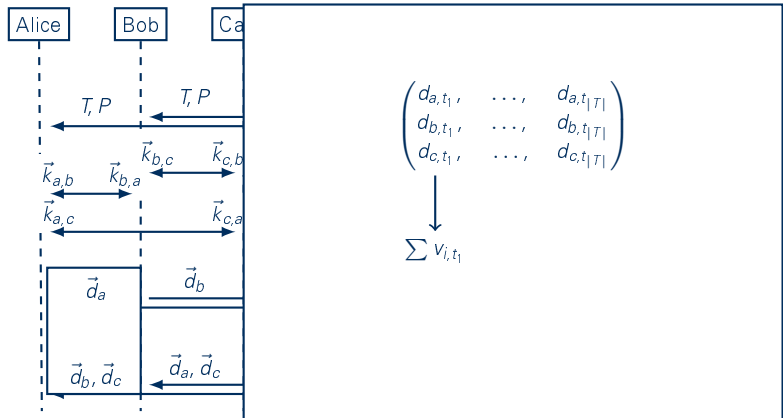
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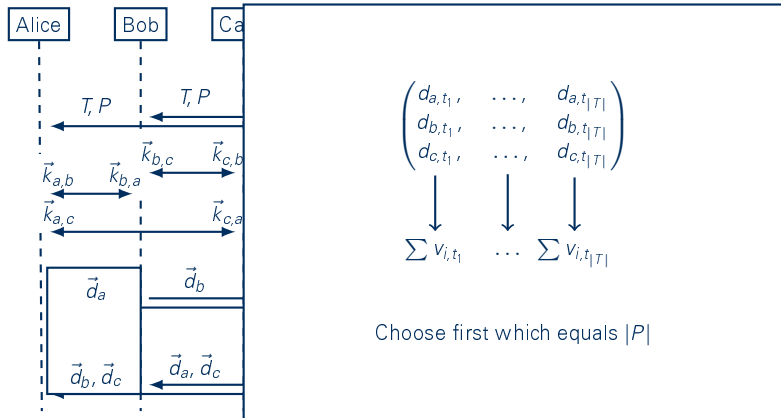
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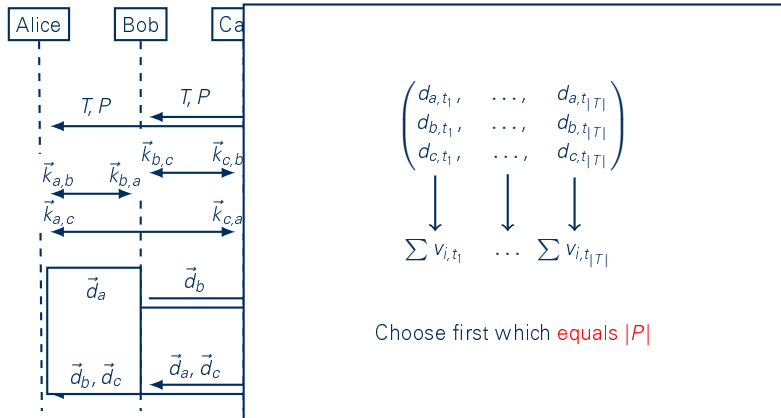
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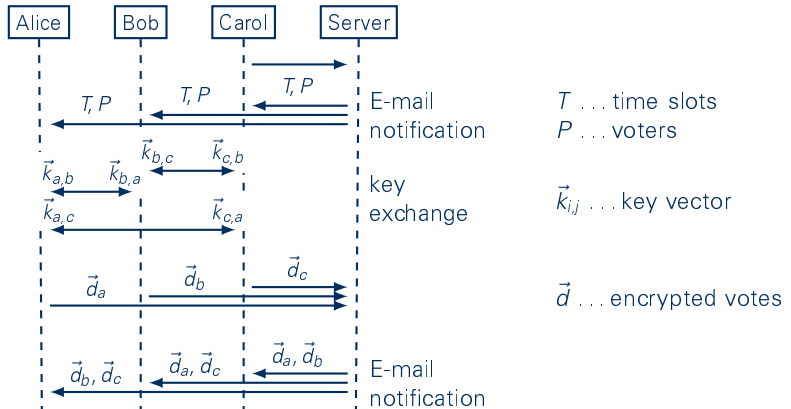
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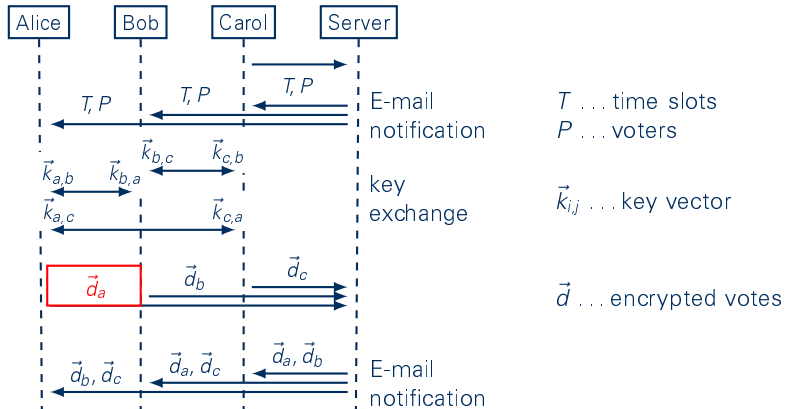
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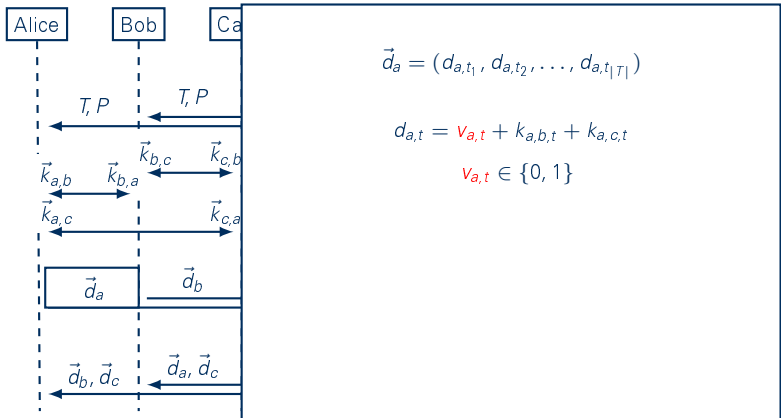
Trying to Cheat



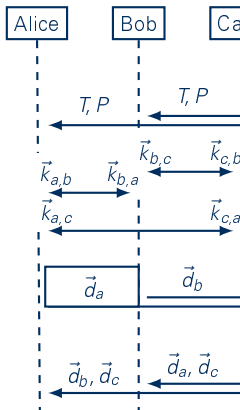
Trying to Cheat



Trying to Cheat



Trying to Cheat



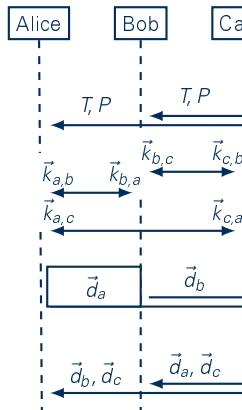
$$\vec{d}_a = (d_{a,t_1}, d_{a,t_2}, \dots, d_{a,t_{|T|}})$$

$$d_{a,t} = v_{a,t} + k_{a,b,t} + k_{a,c,t}$$

$$v_{a,t} \in \{0, 1\}$$

Alice	0	1	1	1	1	0
Bob	1	0	1	1	0	0
Carol	1	1	1	1	0	1
Σ	2	2	3	3	1	1

Trying to Cheat



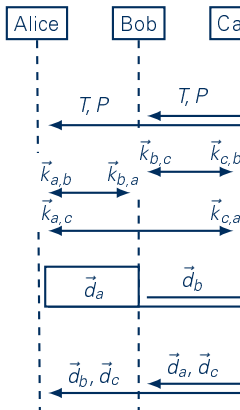
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$$v_{a,t} \in \{0, 1\}$$

Alice	0	1	1	1	1	0
Bob	1	0	1	1	0	0
Carol	1	1	1	1	0	1
Σ	2	2	3	3	1	1

Trying to Cheat



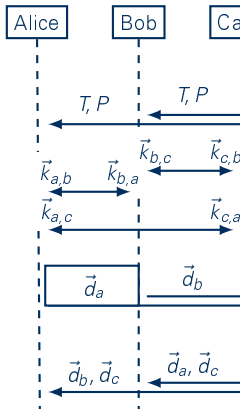
$$\vec{d}_a = (d_{a,t_1}, d_{a,t_2}, \dots, d_{a,t_{|T|}})$$

$$d_{a,t} = v_{a,t} + k_{a,b,t} + k_{a,c,t}$$

$$v_{a,t} = -1?$$

Alice	-1	1	-1	-1	0	0
Bob	1	0	1	1	0	0
Carol	1	1	1	1	0	1
Σ	1	2	1	1	0	1

Trying to Cheat



$$\vec{d}_a = (d_{a,t_1}, d_{a,t_2}, \dots, d_{a,t_{|T|}})$$

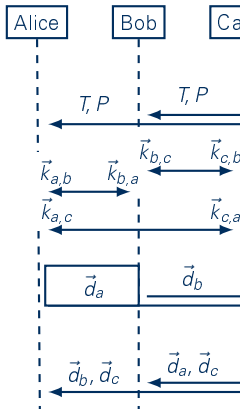
$$d_{a,t} = v_{a,t} + k_{a,b,t} + k_{a,c,t}$$

$$\cancel{v_{a,t} = -1?}$$

Alice	-1	1	-1	-1	0	0
Bob	1	0	1	1	0	0
Carol	1	1	1	1	0	1
Σ	1	2	1	1	0	1

Choose first which equals $|P|$

Trying to Cheat



$$\vec{d}_a = (d_{a,t_1}, d_{a,t_2}, \dots, d_{a,t_{|T|}})$$

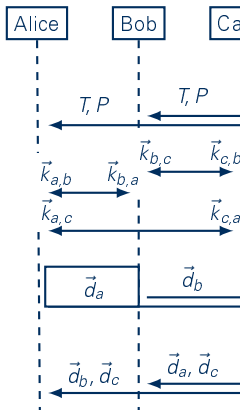
$$d_{a,t} = v_{a,t} + k_{a,b,t} + k_{a,c,t}$$

$$\cancel{v_{a,t} = -1?}$$

Alice	0	1	0	0	0	0
Bob	1	0	1	1	0	0
Carol	1	1	1	1	0	1
Σ	2	2	2	2	0	1

Choose first which equals $|P|$

Trying to Cheat



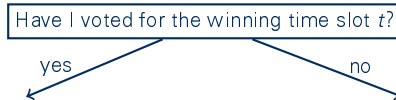
$$\vec{d}_a = (d_{a,t_1}, d_{a,t_2}, \dots, d_{a,t_{|T|}})$$

$$d_{a,t} = v_{a,t} + k_{a,b,t} + k_{a,c,t}$$

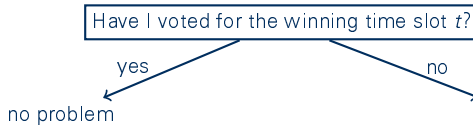
$$v_{a,t} = 2?$$

Alice	0	2	1	1	1	0
Bob	1	0	1	1	0	0
Carol	1	1	1	1	0	1
Σ	2	3	3	3	1	1

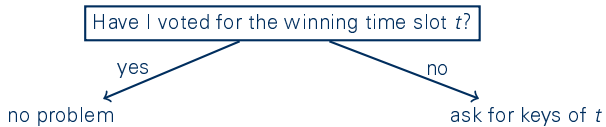
Result Verification



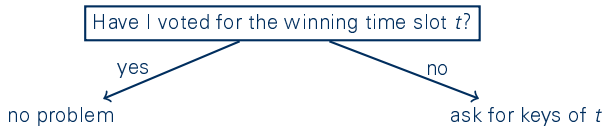
Result Verification



Result Verification



Result Verification



- decrypt everybody's votes ($v_{i,t}$)
- all honest participants voted 1
- key signatures prevent cheating with disclosed keys

Extensions

Problem Statement

Scheme

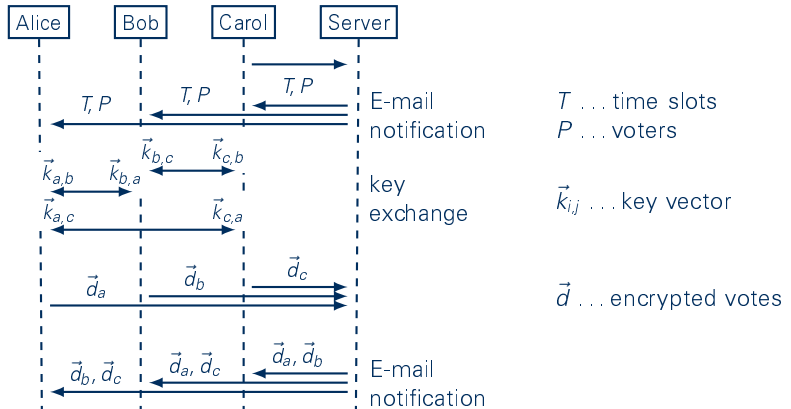
Extensions

Evaluation

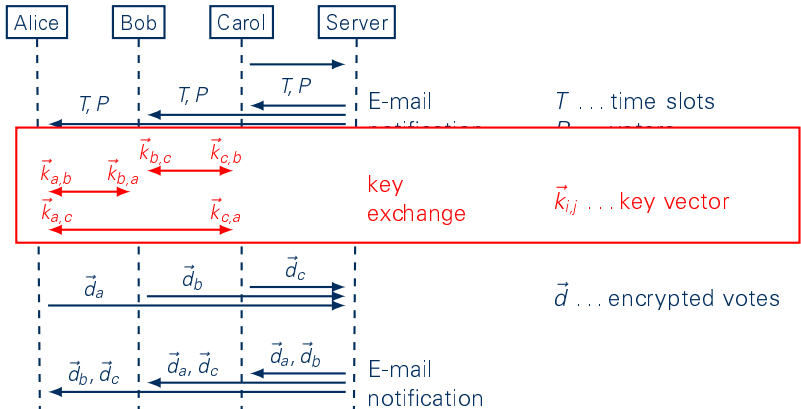
Conclusion and Outlook



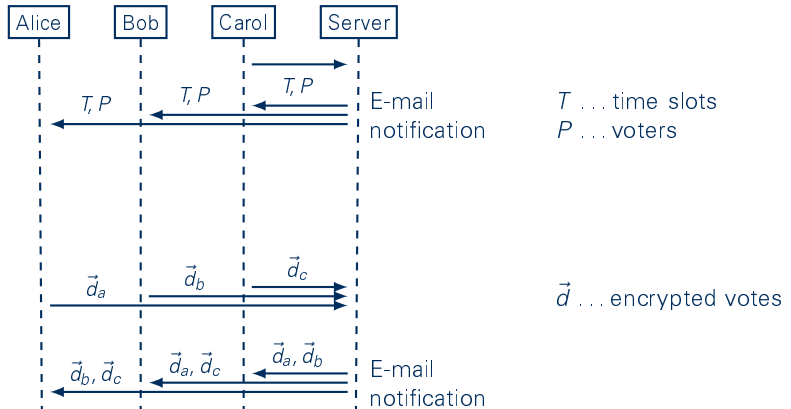
Simplifying the Key Exchange



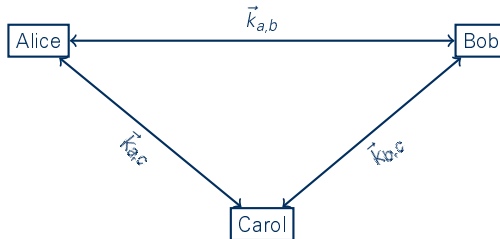
Simplifying the Key Exchange



Simplifying the Key Exchange



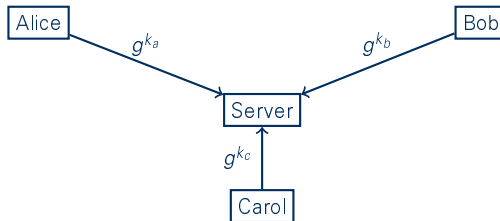
Simplifying the Key Exchange



key exchange

Simplifying the Key Exchange

Diffie–Hellman

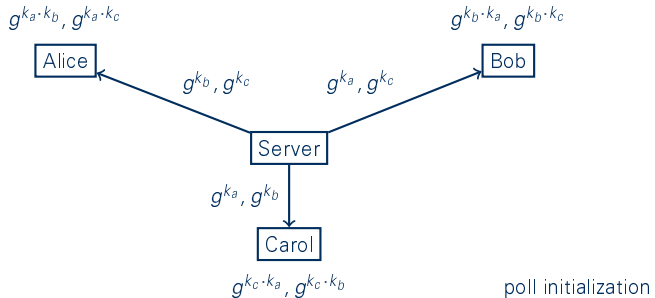


registration

W. Diffie and M. E. Hellman, "New Directions in Cryptography," *IEEE Transactions on Information Theory*, vol. IT-22, no. 6, pp. 644–654, 1976.

Simplifying the Key Exchange

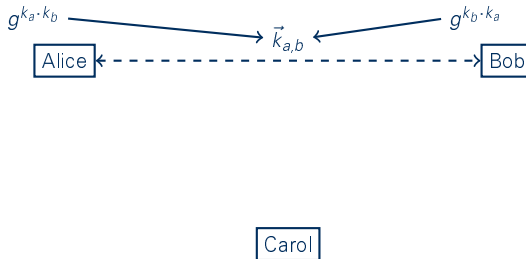
Diffie–Hellman



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Simplifying the Key Exchange

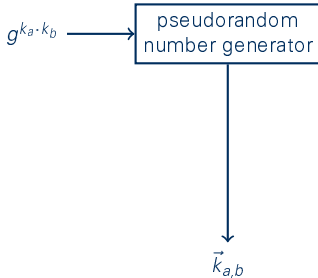
Diffie–Hellman



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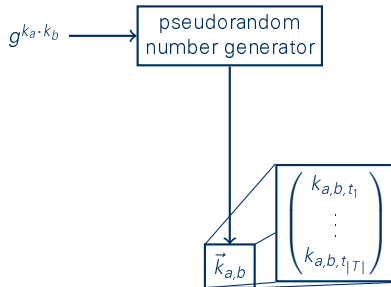
Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}) = \vec{k}_{a,b}$$



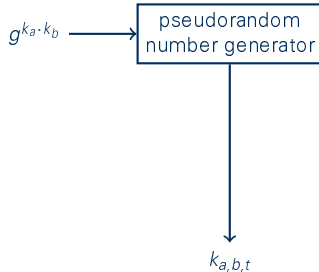
Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}) = \vec{k}_{a,b}$$



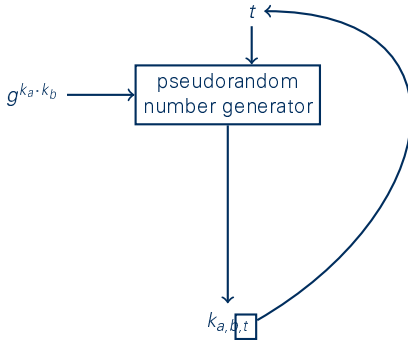
Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}) = k_{a,b,t}$$



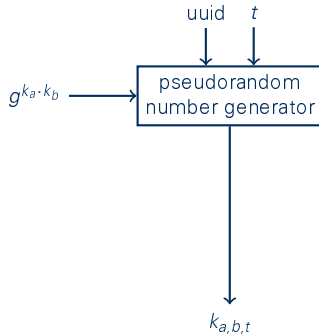
Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}, t) = k_{a,b,t}$$

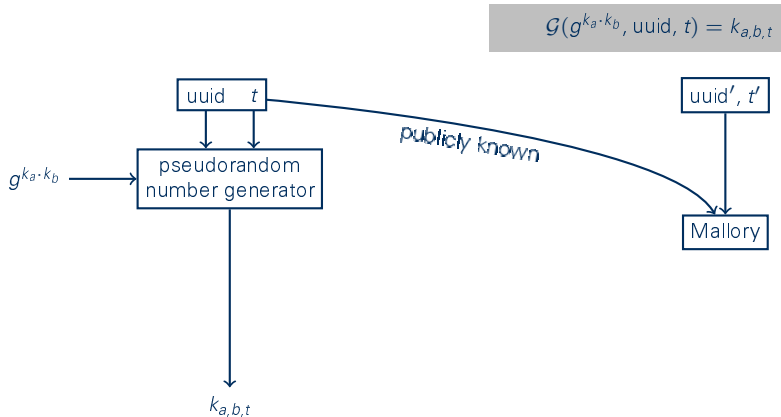


Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}, \text{uuid}, t) = k_{a,b,t}$$

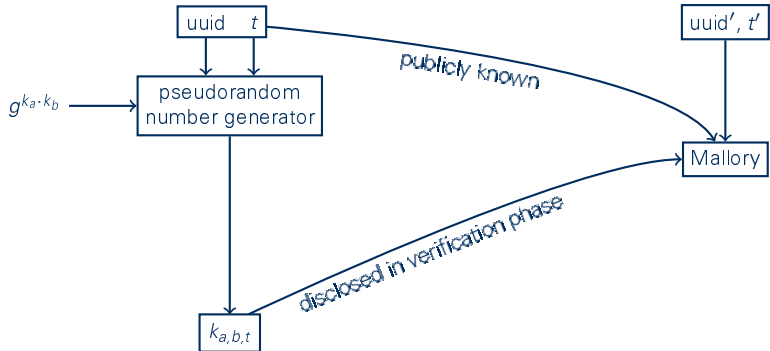


Simplifying the Key Exchange



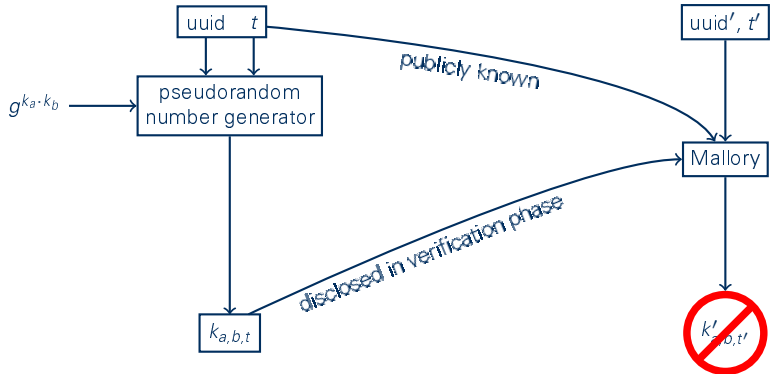
Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}, \text{uuid}, t) = k_{a,b,t}$$

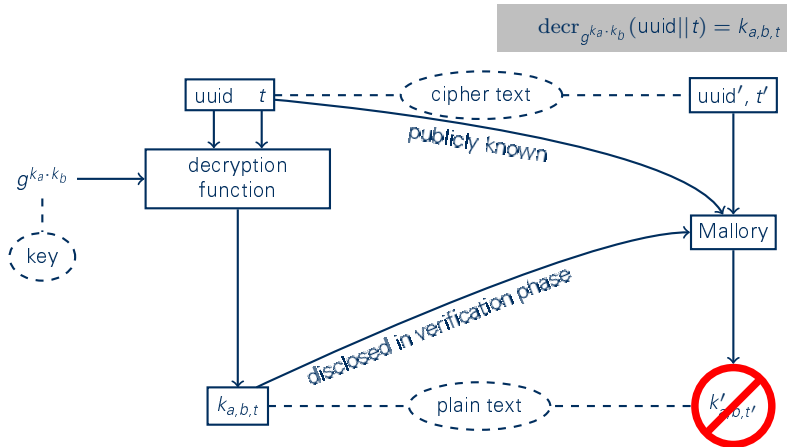


Simplifying the Key Exchange

$$\mathcal{G}(g^{k_a \cdot k_b}, \text{uuid}, t) = k_{a,b,t}$$

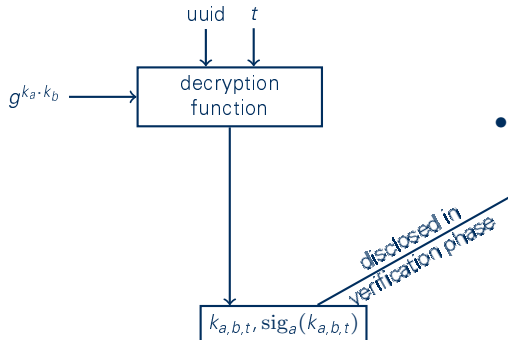


Simplifying the Key Exchange



Omitting the Key Signatures

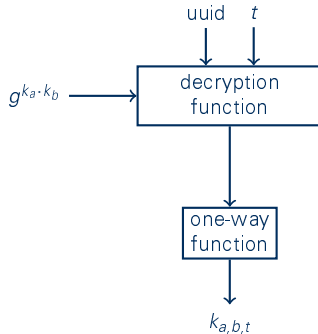
$$\text{decr}_{g^{k_a \cdot k_b}}(\text{uuid}||t) = k_{a,b,t}$$



- key signatures prevent cheating with disclosed keys

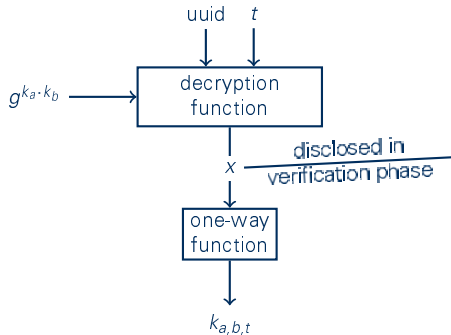
Omitting the Key Signatures

$$\text{decr}_{g^{k_a \cdot k_b}}(\text{uuid}||t) = k_{a,b,t}$$



Omitting the Key Signatures

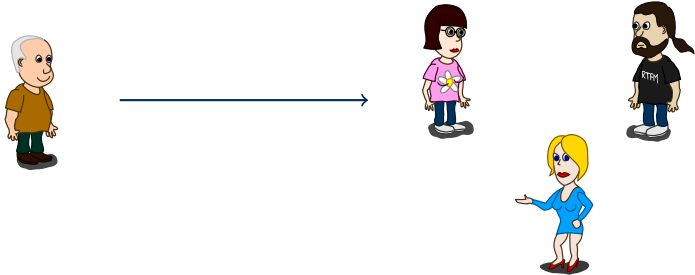
$$h(\text{decr}_{g^{k_a \cdot k_b}}(\text{uuid}||t)) = k_{a,b,t}$$



- pre-image resistancy prevents cheating with disclosed keys

Additional Extensions

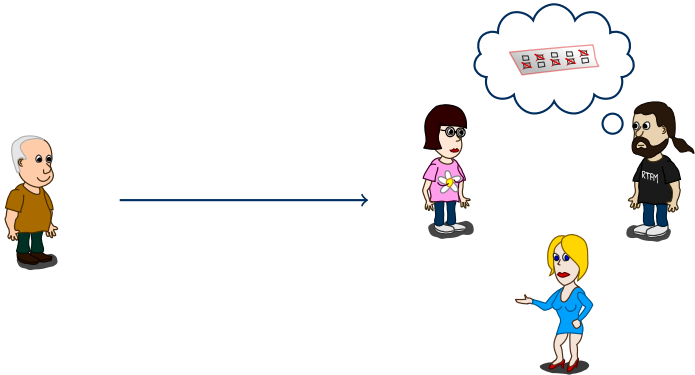
Dynamic Joining



see paper for detailed information

Additional Extensions

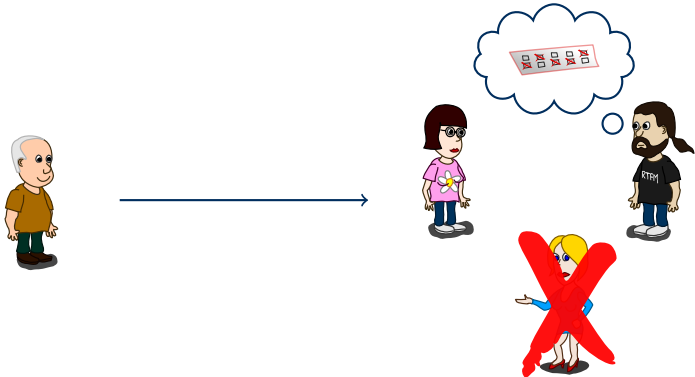
Dynamic Joining



see paper for detailed information

Additional Extensions

Dynamic Joining/Leaving



see paper for detailed information

Evaluation

Problem Statement

Scheme

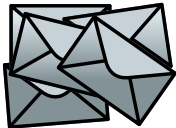
Extensions

Evaluation

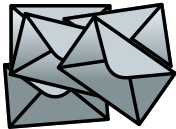
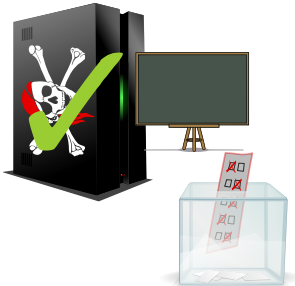
Conclusion and Outlook



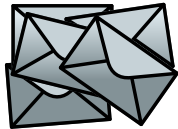
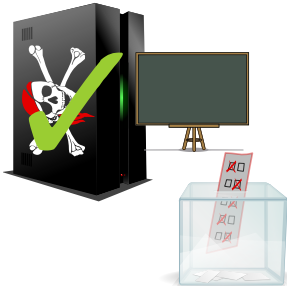
Evaluation



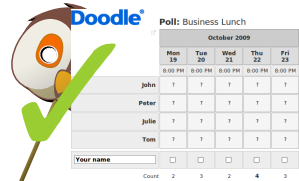
Evaluation



Evaluation



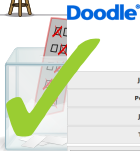
Benjamin Kellermann



Privacy-Enhanced Event Scheduling

slide 22 of 23

Evaluation



Doodle

Poll: Business Lunch

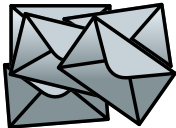
	October 2009				
	Mon 19 8:00 PM	Tue 20 8:00 PM	Wed 21 8:00 PM	Thu 22 8:00 PM	Fri 23 8:00 PM
John	?	?	?	2	?
Peter	?	?	?	0	?
Julie	?	?	?	1	?
Tom	?	?	?	1	?
Your name	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Count	2	3	2	4	3



Doodle

Poll: Business Lunch

	October 2009				
	Mon 19 8:00 PM	Tue 20 8:00 PM	Wed 21 8:00 PM	Thu 22 8:00 PM	Fri 23 8:00 PM
John	?	?	?	?	?
Peter	?	?	?	?	?
Julie	?	?	?	?	?
Tom	?	?	?	?	?
Your name	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Count	2	3	2	4	3



Evaluation



Doodle®



Poll: Business Lunch

October 2009					
Mon 19 8:00 PM	Tue 20 8:00 PM	Wed 21 8:00 PM	Thu 22 8:00 PM	Fri 23 8:00 PM	
John	?	?	?	2	?
Peter	?	?	?	0	?
Julie	?	?	?	1	?
Tom	?	?	?	1	?
Your name					☐
Count					2 3 2 4 3



Doodle®

Poll: Business Lunch

October 2009					
Mon 19 8:00 PM	Tue 20 8:00 PM	Wed 21 8:00 PM	Thu 22 8:00 PM	Fri 23 8:00 PM	
John	?	?	?	?	?
Peter	?	?	?	?	?
Julie	?	?	?	?	?
Tom	?	?	?	?	?
Your name					☐
Count					2 3 2 4 3



max. 2 communica-
tion steps per voter



Evaluation



Doodle®

Poll: Business Lunch

October 2009						
Mon 19	Tue 20	Wed 21	Thu 22	Fri 23		
8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM		
John	?	?	?	2	?	?
Peter	?	?	?	0	?	?
Julie	?	?	?	1	?	?
Tom	?	?	?	1	?	?
Your name					☐	☐
Count					2	3



Doodle®

Poll: Business Lunch

October 2009						
Mon 19	Tue 20	Wed 21	Thu 22	Fri 23		
8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM	8:00 PM		
John	?	?	?	?	?	?
Peter	?	?	?	?	?	?
Julie	?	?	?	?	?	?
Tom	?	?	?	?	?	?
Your name					☐	☐
Count					2	3



max. 2 communica-
tion steps per voter



	Date #1	...	Date #240
Yes			
No	x		x

scales
($|P| - 1$ asym. op-
erations per voter)

Conclusion and Outlook

- novel scheme for privacy-enhanced event scheduling
 - ▢ scales in number of time slots
 - ▢ no central trust entity
- implement as Web 2.0 application
- validate performance
- more features desirable
 - ▢ other decision rules than unanimous agreement
 - ▢ prevent “legal-but-selfish vote”





Thank you for your attention!

Discussion

Benjamin.Kellermann@tu-dresden.de

D19E 04A8 8895 020A 8DF6

0092 3501 1A32 491A 3D9C



PrimeLife is a research project funded by the European Commission's 7th Framework Programme

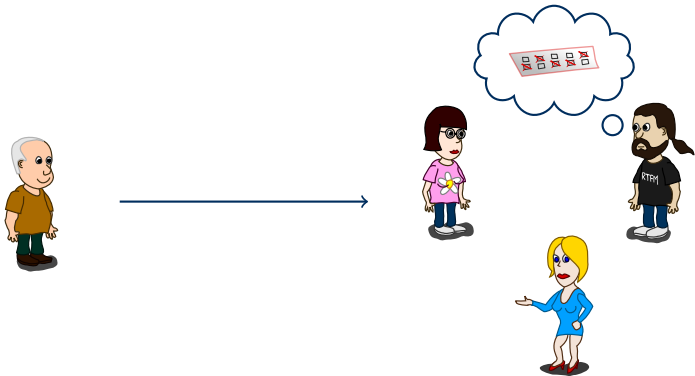
Vancouver, August 29, 2009

Related

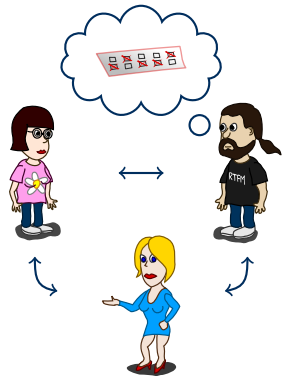
- one specific publication
- mixes
- blind signatures
- homomorphic encryption
- distributed constraint satisfaction/optimization problem

T. Herlea et al., "On Securely Scheduling a Meeting," in *Trusted Information — The New Decade Challenge (Proc. of IFIP SEC)*, M. Dupuy and P. Paradinas, Eds., 2001, pp. 183–198.

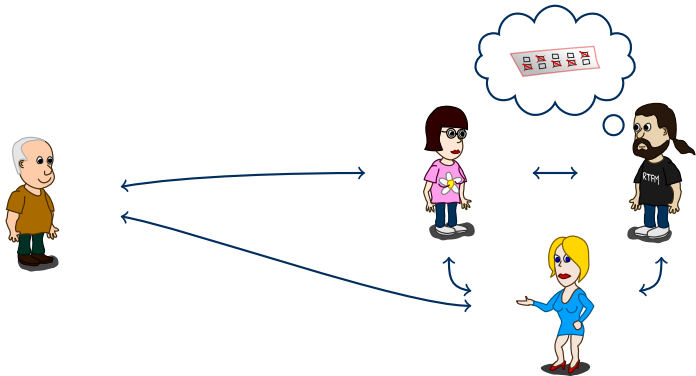
Dynamic Joining



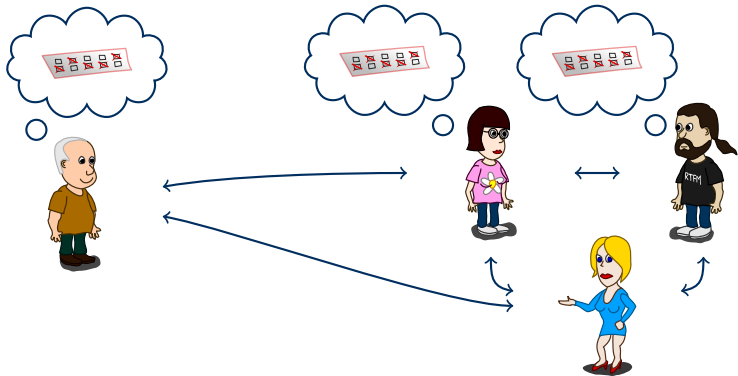
Dynamic Joining



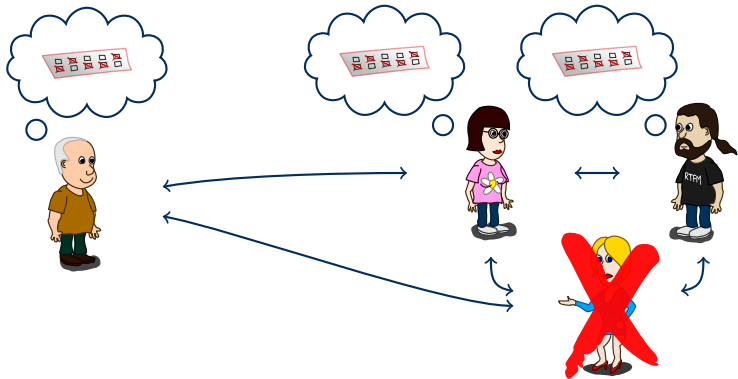
Dynamic Joining



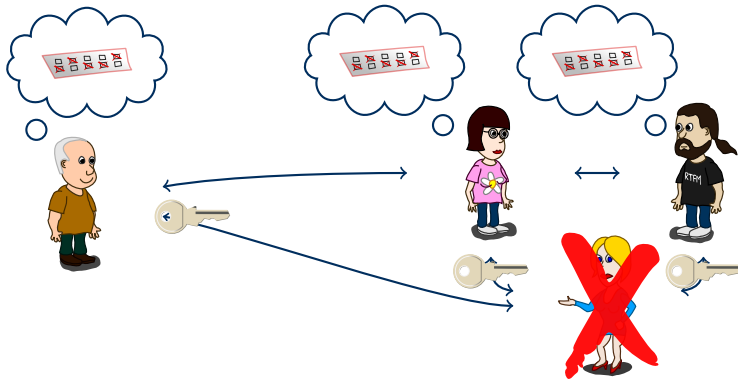
Dynamic Leaving



Dynamic Leaving



Dynamic Leaving



Computational Complexity

server

no expensive computation needed

client

1	discrete exponentiation (DH)
$ P - 1$	discrete exponentiations
1	digital signature
$ T \cdot (P - 1)$	hashes
$ T \cdot (P - 1)$	symmetric decryptions

More Features

- threshold scheme
- dynamic insertion/deletion of time slots
- updating/revoking votes
- other decision rules than unanimous agreement
- let voters prove that they signaled availability for more than a certain minimum number of time slots

